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National Institute of Technology Hamirpur (HP) Electronics & Communication Engineering Department End Semester Examination, November 2023 B.Tech./Dual Degree (ECE) – 3<sup>rd</sup> Semester Communication Theory (EC-213)

## Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 50

Note: The symbols and variables used have their usual meaning. All questions carry equal marks.

- Q1. Attempt *any two* parts:
  - (a) Sketch the following signals and compute their normalized energy.
    - (i)  $x_1(t) = t u(t)$ , (ii)  $x_2(t) = 2 [u(t+1) u(t-1)]$ .
  - (b) Determine whether the system described by y(t) = t x(t) (with input signal x(t) and output signal y(t)) is time-invariant and stable.
  - (c) Establish the mathematical relation between unit step, unit impulse and unit ramp functions.

Q2. Discuss sampling theorem. What is aliasing and how it can be removed? A continuous time signal is given as:  $x(t) = 8 \cos 200\pi t$ , determine

- (i) Minimum sampling rate i.e., Nyquist rate required to avoid aliasing.
- (ii) If sampling frequency  $f_s = 400$  Hz. What is the discrete-time signal x(n) or  $x(nT_s)$  obtained after sampling?
- (iii) If sampling frequency  $f_s = 150$  Hz. What is the discrete-time signal x(n) or  $x(nT_s)$  obtained after sampling?
- (iv) What is the frequency  $0 < f \le f_s/2$  of sinusoidal that yields samples identical to those obtained in part (iii)?

OR

Find the Fourier transform of the following signals: (i)  $x_1(t) = e^{-|t|}$  (ii)  $x_2(t) = \frac{1}{1+t^2}$ . Also, determine the Nyquist rate (minimum sampling rate) for each of the following signals:

- (i)  $x(t) = cos(200\pi t) + sin(400\pi t)$
- (ii)  $y(t) = \frac{d}{dt}(x_1(t))$ , where  $x_1(t)$  is band limited to 20 KHz.
- Q3. (a) List the properties of CDF. Find the constant k for the density function  $f_X(x) = kx^2$ , for 0 < x < 2 and zero elsewhere. Also compute P(1 < x < 2).
  - (b) What do you mean by mean value and variance of a random variable? Find the expected values E(X) and  $E(X^2)$  of a random variable X whose probability density function is given by

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-2x}, & x > 0; \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Discuss the following types of noise in communication systems Q4. (a)

(i)

- Thermal noise (ii) Shot noise
- An amplifier operating over the frequency range from 16 MHz to 20 MHz has a 5  $K\Omega\,$  input (b) resistor. Calculate the rms noise voltage at the input to this amplifier if the ambient temperature is 27°C.
- Consider a binary memoryless source X with two symbols  $x_1$  and  $x_2$ . Show that the entropy Q5. (a) H(X) is maximum when both  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are equiprobable.
  - Find the mutual information of the channel shown in the channel diagram below. Given (b) that  $P(x_1) = 0.6$  and  $P(x_2) = 0.4$ .

